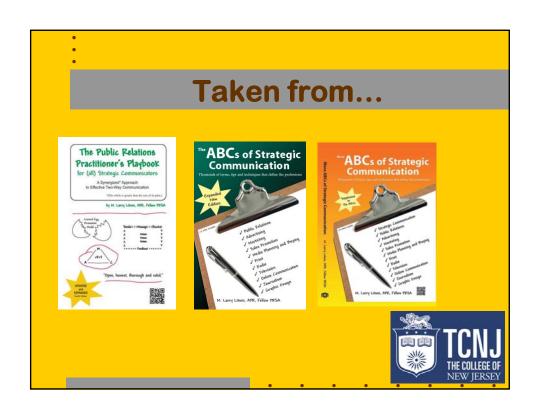
Anatomy of Strategic Communication from The Public Relations Practitioner's Playbook M. Larry Litwin, APR, Fellow PRSA

Why We Do What We Do And How To Do It Better!



Tell me a story

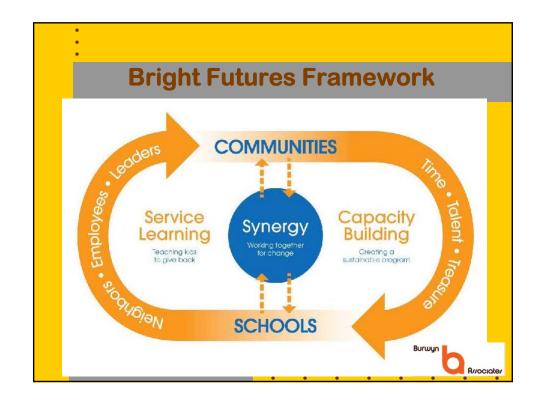
Ed Sabol...

- "Tell me a fact and I'll learn.
- Tell me a truth and I'll believe.
- But tell me a story and it will live in my heart forever."

The success behind NFL Films







I am here to:

HELP

...Hear, Educate, Learn and Prepare

[HELP – Hear what Prof. Litwin says so you can be Educated to Learn, which will Prepare you for your future. You've come to Rowan University to learn. You leave here to serve.]

I'm Here To

IIIE IL F

.. to Hear, Encourage,
Love, and Prepare.

PRovey ordan Company * P.D. Box 867 * Hamilton, Toxas 7653H-0867
284-384-4789 * Fax: 284-386-4099
Email: stray@frecomp.not* Web; viviv.nosybplain.com

PR Is...

- "This is who we are;
- What we think about ourselves;
- What we want to do; and
- Why we deserve your support."





You Talk - We Listen

Hearing vs. Listening

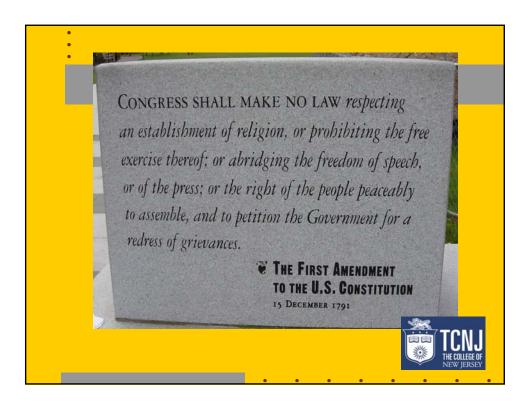
There is a reason why we have two ears and one mouth – we must listen twice as much as we speak.



???

Questions are a sign of strength ... not weakness

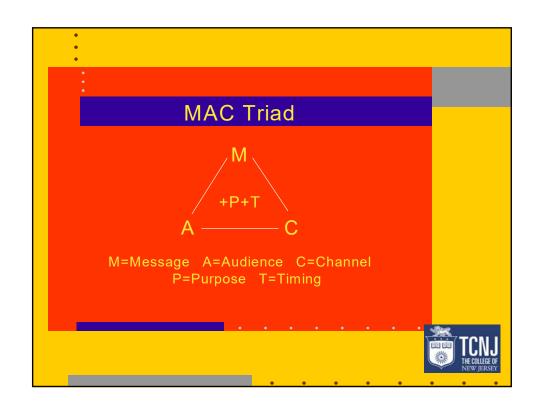




Strategic/Public Communication

- Strategic/public communication is at the heart of our economy, society and politics. Studios use it to promote their films. Politicians use it to get elected. Businesses use it to burnish their image. Advocates use it to promote social causes.
- It is a field built on ideas and images, persuasion and information, strategy and tactics. No policy or product can succeed without a smart (strategic) message targeted to the right audience in creative and innovative ways at the ideal time using the proper channel. The ability to communicate this way to communicate strategically is what strategic/public communication is all about.

Commercial Persuasion Or Public Relations "The establishing of reciprocal understanding between an individual and a group." Edward Bernays



MAC Triad Plus cont.

- Informization
 - Disseminating information (message) to target audience through the proper channel at the best possible time.



Advertising is Synergy Synergy Synergy www.synergysportswear.com

Strategic Message

Commercial Persuasion
Or
Public Relations

"The establishing of reciprocal understanding between an individual and a group."

Edward Bernays



Public Relations...

(Not paid - Uncontrolled)



Public Relations...

A tool of leadership! [more later...]



Public Relations 101

- Management and *counseling* function
- Enables organizations to build and maintain relationships
- Through an understanding of audience attitudes, opinions and values
- Planned, deliberate and two-way
- Conscience of organization
- Overseer of brand/reputation
- · Relationship management



Public Relations

A management function that helps organizations and their publics mutually adapt to one another.



Public Relations

- "Public relations helps an organization and its publics adapt mutually to each other."
- "Public relations is a strategic communication process that builds mutually beneficial relationships between organizations and their publics."

Public Relations

 "Public relations is a [two-way] strategic communication process [management function] that builds mutually beneficial relationships between organizations and their publics."

Larry's definition



Advertising 101

- Paid
- (Non)-personal communication
- From identified sponsor
- Using (mass) media
- To persuade or influence
- Audience

(Paid - Controlled)



Marketing 101

- Determine what people need (and want) and give it to them.
- The exchange of goods and services between producers and consumers.



PR Practitioners are...

Strategic Advisers



Edward Bernays' Public Relations Functions

- To interpret the client to the public, which means promoting the client
- To interpret the public to the client, which means operating the company in such a way as to gain the approval of the public
- To act as a public service
- To promote new ideas and progress
- To build a public conscience

Crystallizing Public Opinion – 1923



Ivy Ledbetter Lee's Public Relations Principles

- 1. Tell the truth
- 2. Provide accurate facts
- 3. Give the public relations director access to top management so that he/she can influence decisions

•

PR Counselors must possess...

- Loyalty
- Judgment
- Trust
- Ethics
- Integrity



Managing Public Opinion

Public relations practitioners...

- Assess public opinion
- Influence public opinion

It is our responsibility to **MANAGE** public opinion. It is the difference between *meaning* and *message*.

ABCs of Strategic Communication

- Anticipate
- Be Prepared
- Communicate Clearly, Concisely,
 Consistently, Calculatingly,
 Completely (Specifically and Simply) and
 Correctly

Open, Honest, Thorough, Valid



Another "A" = Accountability

More on this particular

"A"

in a moment.

CBAs of Strategic Communication

- Conceive
- Believe
- Achieve



CBAs of Strategic Communication

- Conceive = Head
- Believe = Heart
- Achieve = Hands



Another "A" = Accountability

- Controlled autonomy
- Answerable
- Responsible
- Being a source or cause
- Able to be trusted or depended upon
- Reliable



What is Accountability? ??? THE COLLEGE OF NEW JERSEN.

Another "A" = Accountability

- Answerable
- Responsible
- Being a source or cause
- Able to be trusted or depended upon
- Reliable



Accountability – defined

A key component to practicing effective and reliable public relations.



PR Practitioners/Counselors

Accountability is... thinking strategically

- Deliberately
- Systematically
- Methodically
- Logistically
- Calculatingly (Measured Tones)



Accountability's – Bottom Line

- Senior managers want marketing managers to prove that their marketing is effective based on:
 - Sales increases
 - Percentage share of the market the brand holds
 - Return on Investment (ROI)
- Agencies are creating departments to help marketers evaluate the efficiency and effectiveness of their marketing communication budgets.



How is accountability measured? ??? Provided the contraction of the

Through...

- Achievement (yet, another "A")
- Communication



You are the Brand

- Brand
- Brand Equity
- Brand Extension
- Brand Expansion
- Brand Familiarity
- Brand Favorability
- Brand Identity
- Brand Image
- Brand Insistence
- Brand Loyalty
- Brand Power (Brand Champions)



Delivering the promise

That's *accountability*, too!!!



Are you a brand champion?

- Brand champions deliver what they promise – and more. Delivering helps to achieve...accountability.
- Accountability leads to synergy.



Double Bottom Line

- First Bottom Line
 - -Build Relationships
- Second Bottom Line
 - -Profit or, accomplish your Goal



Triple Bottom Line

- Pat Jackson's DBL plus:
- Third Bottom Line
 - -Revenue>Controlled Costs=Profit



Fraser Seitel's "Real" Bottom Line of PR

- "Our fundamental role in PR is to defend and promote and enhance and sustain the reputation of our organizations."
- "Our job in PR is to help ensure that that objective is achieved...through proper performance – effectively communicated."



How are Bottom Lines Achieved? ??? Contact the second of the second of

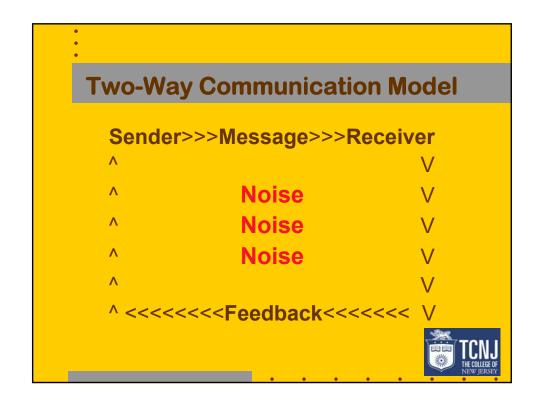
Reaching the Desired Outcome

- Attitude
- Opinion

Education > Knowledge >
Attitude > Behavioral Change >
Output = Desired Outcome



PR-Pie Purpose Research Planning Implementation Evaluation



Communication

- ...is shared comprehension (two way)
- Four Essential Elements/Communication Model
 - Initiator (Sender/Encoder)
 - Carrier (Message)
 - Receiver (Decoder)
 - Feedback (Is clarity being achieved?)

[If the message is not being received as intended, it is your fault. Leaders whose messages are not changing behavior are not true leaders.]

Principles of Authentic Communication*

- Truth
- Fundamentality
- Comprehensiveness
 Accessibility
- Relevance
- Clarity

- Timeliness
- Consistency
- Responsiveness to feedback
- Care



Principles of Authentic Communication*

- Truth being accurate and factually correct.
- **Fundamentality** dealing with the core or essential issues and information.
- Comprehensiveness telling the whole story, including the meanings and implications of the issue in question.

TCNJ
THE COLLEGE OF NEW JERSEY

Principles of Authentic Communication*

- Relevance taking into account and making connections with the interests of the parties involved.
- Clarity using language that is appropriate and understandable for those involved, explaining technical terms, organizing and illustrating the information logically and understandably [clear, concise, complete, consistent, specific, simplistic.]

Principles of Authentic Communication*

- **Timeliness** providing information when it is known, leaving sufficient time for response prior to decisions or actions.
- Consistency not opposing or contradicting your own or your organization's other words or actions.
- Accessibility making information, relevant sources and opportunities for discussion easily available to all parties; assuring physical accessibility to meetings.

Principles of Authentic Communication*

- Responsiveness to feedback engaging in two-way communication, seeking others' views and concerns and allowing those concerns to influence the organization's actions.
- Care showing respect, concern and compassion for the circumstances, attitudes, beliefs and feelings of other parties.

* Bojinka Bishop, Ohio University



Principles of Authentic Communication*

- Truth
- Fundamentality
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- Comprehensiveness Accessibility
- Relevance
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PR Plan/Roadmap

- Goal
- Objectives
- Strategies
- Tactics
- Tools



Superior *tactics* cannot overcome a bad (business) *strategy*.

No Planning = No Plan =

No Hope

Synergy

The whole is greater than the sum of its parts or
The whole works better than

any one of its parts.

[To achieve our goal, we should

[To achieve our goal, we should achieve synergy.]

Synergy's Parts

- Advertising
- (Sales) Promotion*
- Public Relations*
- Direct Marketing
- Cause Marketing
- Sponsorship (Partnering) Marketing
- Positioning (Place)*
- Personal Selling*
- Price*

- Product itself*
- Packaging*
- Policy*
- Politics*
- Mind Share (Brainstorming – Intellectual Property)
- Brand Identity
- Interactive

* Litwin's 9 P's of Marketing





Litwin's 9 P's of Marketing = Synergy

- Product
- Place (Positioning)Personal selling
- Price
- Promotion (Sales)
- Public Relations

 - Policy
 - Politics
 - Packaging



7 C's of Communication

- Credibility
- Context
- Content
- Clarity
- Continuity and Consistency
- Channels
- Capability



Content is crucial...

but the medium is part of the message, too!

(Marshal McLuhan)

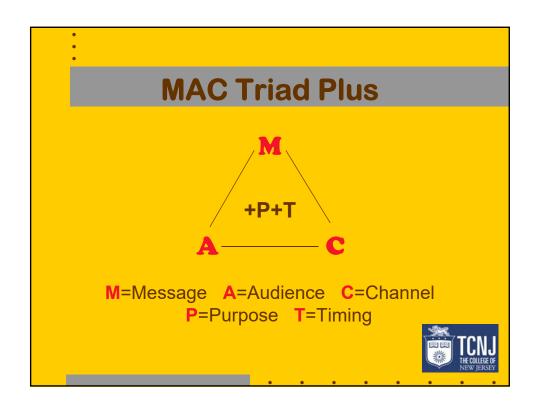


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MAC Triad Plus cont.

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 - Disseminating information (message) to target audience through the proper channel at the best possible time.



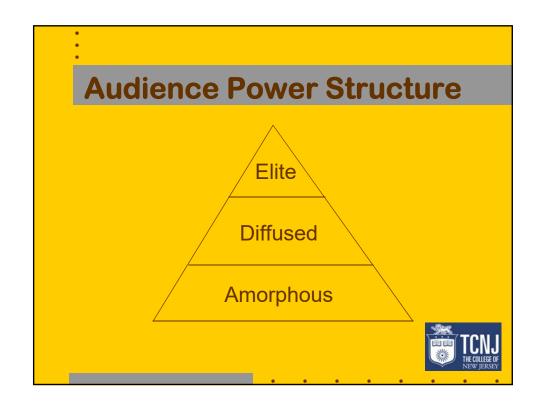
More On MAC Triad Plus

Some Key Communication Terms

- Propaganda
- Manipulation
- Stakeholders vs. Stockholders (To deliver message, we must know the difference)

Cracked Egg Model Techniques to Succeed: Cracked Egg Persuasion Model 8. Mass Sentiment 1. Mass Sentiment S. Time Between Between Debute and Debute an

Audiences (ISPR) Identify Segment/Fragment Demographically Psychographically Geodemographically Behavioristically Benefits Profile Rank Audience Power Structure Elite (Key Communicators) Pluralistic or Diffused Amorphous/Latent



Target vs. Niche

Target

to reach

e.g. High school students

Niche

 Audience you want
 Narrowly defined audience

> e.g. White, high school girls of divorced parents



Active vs. Passive

Active

- Already sold
- Seeking information
 Use surrogates

Passive

- Uninterested
 - (stand-ins)



Features and Benefits

Features

 Important characteristics of a product or service.

Stress features to active audiences.

Benefits

 The quality of product or service that supplies satisfaction or need fulfillment to the consumer or audience member.

Stress benefits to passive audiences.

WII-FM

Features + Benefits = Value

Value = Worth



Bargain

When the value exceeds the cost.

Remember, you only get what you pay for – but most times you don't even get that!

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Persuade vs. Convince

- Persuade
 - Change of mind or attitude (for a *short* time)
 - When you persuade someone, you get them to act without convincing them
- Convince
 - Change of heart and mind (long term)
 - When you convince someone, you actually get them to believe something else



Persuasion Pointers

- Know your audience
- Know what you can accomplish
- Anticipate objections/dispel them
- Establish mutual goals/a common ground
- Give options/choices
- Be clear
- Be familiar



Persuasion cont.

- Use problem/solution format
- Stress rewards/benefits
- Control the tone
- Clinch your argument
- Ask for what you want
- Leave (impression) something to remember



Three-Step vs. Two-Step Flow

Three-Step Flow

- 1. Credible endorser*
- 2. Key communicator
- 3. (Targeted) publics

Two-Step Flow

- 1. Mass-media message carrier
- 2. (Targeted) publics

*Source credibility



Three-Step vs. Two-Step vs. One-Step Flow

One-Step Flow - One-to-One

From organization *directly* to (*Targeted*) publics



Third Party Endorser

- Endorsement
- Testimonial

[Know the difference]



Key Communicators

- Who Needs Key Communicators?
- Who Should be a Key Communicator?
- Starting a Program
- An "Authorized Grapevine"
 (Consumption Pioneers Connectors –
 Leaders of People WOMMP [Word of
 Mouth Marketing Program])

Alternative Media

- Radio
- Television
- Internet (and Interactive Web 2.0/Blogs/Wikis)
- iPod® (Podcasts, etc.)
- Vcasts®
- Cell Phone
- iPhone ®
- Digital Signage
- Aroma Marketing
- WOMM
- Silent Publicity



Alternative Media

- Cross Platform
 - Print
 - Digital Signage
 - Wireless
 - Broadband
 - TV
- Convergence of Distribution
 - Multiple Platforms



Getting a Seat at the Table

- Know how to communicate.
- Know what our employer does and the industry he/she represents.
- Have an "attitude" think strategically.
- Be a counselor.
- Loyalty, Judgment, Trust, Ethics, Integrity.
- Always be ethical open, honest, thorough and valid – the "corporate conscience."

Communication:

A Tool of Leadership



Public Relations...Leadership

All leaders are teachers...but not all teachers are leaders!



Public Relations...Leadership

Managers – Do things right.

Leaders – Do the right things.



Leaders

- Convene
- Communicate
- Persuade (maybe even convince)



Leader Defined

Title

- Tenacity
- Charisma (Connectivity) Perseverance
- Competence/Expertise Mental Toughness
- CommunicatorVision
- Courage
- Responsibility



Leadership Defined

In the end, *Leadership* is defined by:

Results





Control



- Control
- Consistency



- Control
- Consistency
- Campaign



- Control
 - Preparation



- Control
 - Preparation
 - Follow-up



- Control
 - Preparation
 - Follow-up
 - Proactive



- Consistency
 - Organization



- Consistency
 - Organization
 - Repetition



- Campaign
 - Planning/"Premeditated"



- Campaign
 - Planning/"Premeditated"
 - Strategy/Timing



- Campaign
 - Planning/"Premeditated"
 - Strategy/Timing
 - Measurable results



- Control
 - Preparation
 - Follow-up
 - Proactive
- Consistency
 - Organization
 - Repetition

- Campaign
 - Planning/
 - "Premeditated"
 - Strategy/Timing
 - Measurable results



James Baker*...

Leadership

"Knowing what to do and then doing it."

*Former Secretary of State



President Carter...

"Leaders whose messages are not changing (or reinforcing) behavior are not true leaders. In fact, they are '*MIS*leaders."



Leaders

- Choose to lead by stepping out of the darkness and taking others with you.
- Make decisions they have to make even when they might have dangerous consequences

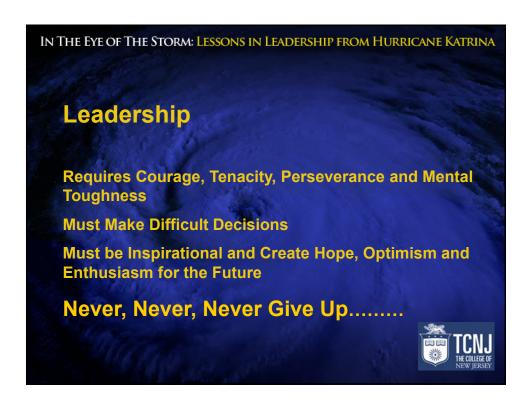


In the Eye of the Storm: Lessons in Leadership

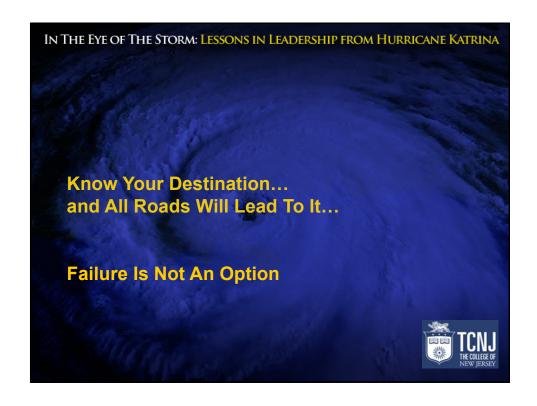
A real life example of *Leadership*

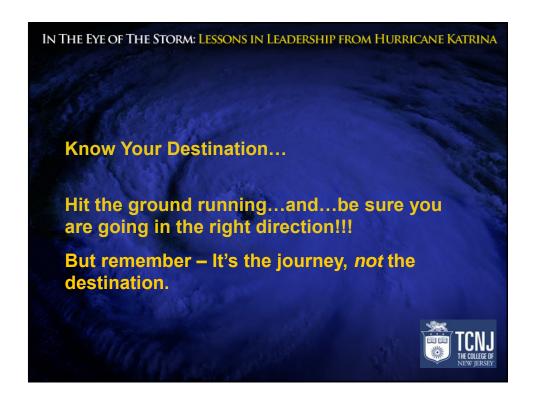
From Les Hirsch – CEO Touro Infirmary New Orleans, Louisiana













Leadership Defined

In the end, *Leadership* is defined by:

Results



Credibility

Credibility • Trustworthiness

Credibility

- Trustworthiness
- Competence



Credibility

- Trustworthiness
- Competence
- Communication style



PR Practitioners/Counselors

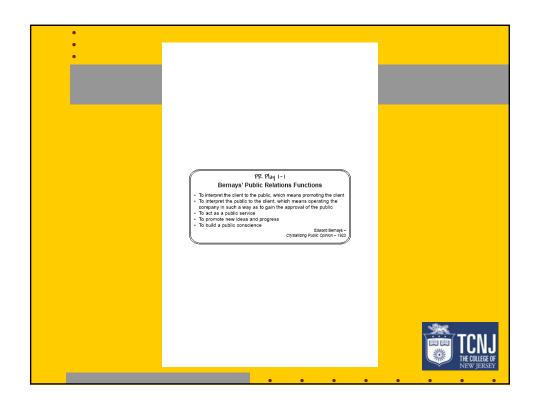
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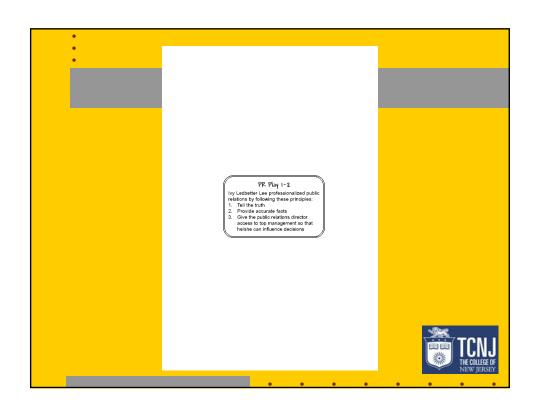
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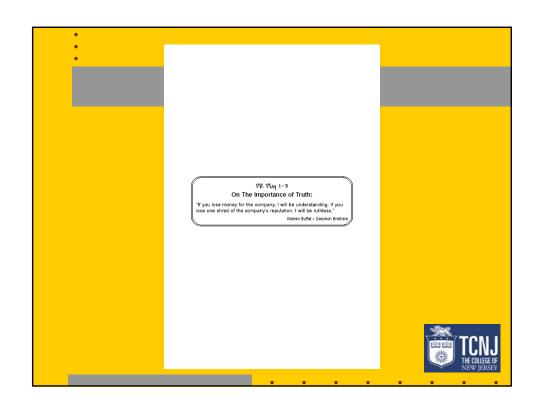


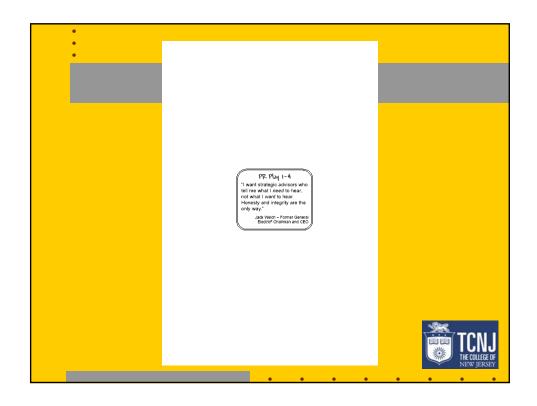
Important PR Reminders











PR Counselors must possess...

- Loyalty
- Judgment
- Trust
- Ethics
- Integrity



Getting a Seat at the Table

- Know how to communicate.
- Know what our employer does and the industry he/she represents.
- Have an "attitude" think strategically.
- · Be a counselor.
- Always be ethical open, honest, thorough and valid – the "corporate conscience" (CCO = Corporate Conscience Officer or Chief Communication Officer)

And above all...

Are you willing to tell the boss what he/she *needs* to hear rather than what he/she *wants* to hear?

That is how YOU will get a seat at the table.



Six Cs of Writing Assessment*

- Clarity Say what you mean, mean what you say
- Correct Avoid errors to avoid confusion
- Connection Engage your reader
- Compelling Motivate an action
- Conviction Live on branding
- Consistency Stay on message…always

[Remember: When you make people work, they stop reading!]

* Roger Shapiro – Write Right – Mitchell Rose Communication



Basic Principles of Effective Presentations **TITLE OF THE OUTER OUTER OF THE OUTER OF THE OUTER OF THE OUTER OUTER

Basic Principles of Effective Presentations

Relate your identity to help create an image



Basic Principles

- Relate your identity to help create an image
 - Know the difference between identity and image.
 - Persuasion the activity of creating, reinforcing, modifying or extinguishing beliefs, attitudes and/or behaviors.
 - Logo not ego!



Basic Principles

- Relate your identity to help create an image
- 2. Analyze your credibility and believability
 - Credibility is in the eye of the beholder.



Basic Principles

- Relate your identity to help create an image
- 2. Analyze your credibility and believability
- 3. Exercise control



Basic Principles

- Relate your identity to help create an image
- 2. Analyze your credibility and believability
- 3. Exercise control
- 4. Maintain a positive attitude



Basic Principles of Effective Presentations

- 1. Relate your identity to help create an image
- 2. Analyze your credibility and believability
- 3. Exercise control
- 4. Maintain a positive attitude
- 5. Demonstrate leadership listening



Audience Analysis/Worksheet

1. Identify your audience.



2. Analyze your audience demographically.



Audience Analysis/Worksheet

3. How well does your audience understand the issues (or topics) you wish to discuss?



4. What is your audience's attitude toward your agenda?



Audience Analysis/Worksheet

5. What does your audience need to know or believe in before you can change its behavior? (What's in it for them?)



6. To what type of arguments is your audience likely to respond?



Audience Analysis/Worksheet

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- 6. To what type of arguments is your audience likely to respond?

Key Communicators

- Who Needs Key Communicators?
- Who Should be a Key Communicator?
- Starting a Program

